स्थिता पुरोहित कुरिहित हिंदी वनस्थली विद्यापीट

	923,254425
	162R:
3/471.3	2
ri_ armac	M1225

Presented to Place
Bahadur Peralit
Gope Nath M A
member - acidhese
Commette with the
best Complements

Sundayal Twan

BYCL 1155

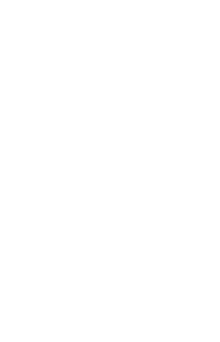
BIRTHER PROPERTY

923,254425 AGER 20 Laty

Goldus Committee

Japun

41 Horning 1/20.







A RECORD OF PUBLIC APPRECIATION

RAO BAHADUR

Sansar Chandra Sen,

C.I.E., M.V.O,

Senior Member, State Council, JAIPUR.

JAIPUR:
Printing by Public Subscription





INTRODUCTION.

Beladeur Snaue Chandra Sub presenting him with an address was first onsectived by his old pupils, as certy as 1907, when His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur vary graciously conferred upon him, in perpetuity, a Japir in recognition of his long and devotedly loyal services. It assumed a practical shape when, on the 19th April 1908, a formal prelimitary meeting was held in the Albert Itall, in which the following genti-men were selected to form an Executive Committee, in order to give effect to the proposal:

THARUR NUND KISSORE SINCH,
Member of Council (President)

Rat Banadur Puronit Gopinate, M.A.,
Member of Council

Dr. Dalfan Singii Khanka, M.B., House Surgeon, Mayo Hospital.

PANDIT JAINATH ATAL,

Revenue Dewan, Eastern Division.

Babu Sanyiban Ganguli, M.A., F.R.S.E.,

Director of Public Instruction.

MUNCHI GORIND SINGH.

Judge, Appellate Court (Retired).

Babu Nalini Nath Roy, M.A., Professor, Maharaja's College.

Professor, Maharaja's College Pandir Dindayal Tewari.

City Magistrate (Scoretary).

The Executive Committee held three meetings in the year 1908, in which many important questions were decided; and a design having been finally settled upon, the Jaipur School of Arts was entrusted with the making of the casket, in which the Address was to be presented.

The new year, 1909, brought fresh honour for the Rao Baladru, and this infused fresh impets and energy into the Committee. At this stage, a very large number of his other friends and admires exemelty offered their co-operation and pressed the Committee to broaden the scope of the Address, which thus assumed a more public character than was hitherto contemplated. The matter was pushed through steadily, and the following gentlemen were further included into the Committee:

MUNSHI RAN PRATAP,

Officiating Member and Secretary of Council, PANDIT DURGA PRASAD.

Durbar Vakil at Abu.

BABU SATTENDRA NATH MOOKERJEE, Accountant-General.

The Committee held several meetings and arranged the necessary details with great promptitude. It was proposed that Nawab Munitaz-ud-Dowla Sir Mohammad Faiyas Ali Khau Bahadur, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Member of the State Council, might be requested to preside at the meeting, where the Address was to be presented. A deputation waited on the Nawab Bahadur, who readily accepted the proposal. Babu Satyendra Nath Mookerjee was entrusted with preparing the Address, and after it was finally approved and adouted by the Committee. he

was finally approved and adopted by the Committee, he was sent out to Ajmer to get it printed at the Mission Press. In the meantime the School of Arts hurried through their teak of completing the lovely casket they made, and the 28th day of January was fixed for the

made, and the 28th day of January was fixed for the public meeting, in which the Address was presented. The Meeting proved a great success, and grateful thanks are officed to the Resident, Colonel C. Herbert, C.S.I., whose presence and kind observation at the meeting contributed largely to that success. Special

incoming countriesters anguely to demonstrate thanks are due to the Rev. Dr. Gos. Macalinets, think has been due to the Rev. Dr. Gos. Macalinets, think he readily assisted, whenever the Committee sought his advice. Sincere thanks are also due to Nawah Mauntae-Down's Bir Mohammad Felyse all K Han Bahadur for his ably conducting the meeting as its chairman. The Members of the Executive Committee, jointly and severally, deserve oursilat thanks for their great care and united offers in carrying out the duttee they were entrusted

Members of the Executive Committee, jointly and swerally, deserve covidal thanks for their great care and united efforts in carrying out the duties they were extrusted with. The promptition with which Mr. Inglis, the Manager of the Mission Press at Ajmer, got ready the beautiful Address on illuminated silk and the fine artistic worknamably, which Babu Nibaran Chandra San, Visco-Principal of the Jaipur School of Art, has displayed in the making of the beautiful casket deserve thankful acknowledgement.

A SHORT BIOGRAPHY.

BIRTH AND FAMILY.

R^{AO} Bahadur Sansar Chandra Sen, C.I.E., M.V.O., was born at Agra on the 12th April, 1846.

He belonged to a good Vaidya family of Natagar in the 24-Parganas in Bengal. His early ancestors were, by profession, Apureedic physicians and had some landed property in their native village, to which they migrated originally from Gobindopur, on the site of which Fort William stands to-day.

In the early thirties of the last century, soon after the acquisition of Agra and its surrounding districts by the Hosourable East India Company, his father, Babu Nilambar Sen, came to Agra. Babu Nilambar served in the Company's Government in different capacities, and at last joined the Sodar Dewani Adalast, from where he retricted as Sheristadar in 1881. He readered signal services during the outbreak of the Sepoy muttiny in 1857, and his loyal services were officially schrowledged in the then Government records. Babu Nilambar duel in 1870, and left behind five worthy rons, of which Babu Sansar Chandru was the oldert.

EDUCATION AND PARTY LIFE

At the age of eleven, Sansar Chandra was put into the Government College, Agra. Subsequently he joined the St. John's College, from which he matriculated in 1863. After that he went down to Calcutta to prosecute his studies further. He was an intelligent, hard-working student, and by his courteous manners made himself the general favourite of all under whom he was educated.

In November 1865, he married the third daughter of the late Babu Jagodish Nath Roy of Calcutta,—the eminent Bengali scholer and first Native District Superintendent of Police. About this time, the late Babu Hari Mohon Sen,—the then confidential Adviser and de facto Prime Minister to the late Mahavaja Ram Singh Bahadra of Jaipra—effect to young Babu Sansar Chandra a situation in the Mahavaja's College, which he accepted in August 1866.

OFFICIAL CAREER.

His official carees, consisting of an unbroken record folyal services devoted to the interest of the State of Julpur, extended over the long period of forty-three years, during which he rose from the position of a soft consistent to be at the head of the administration of the Julpur State and the most trusted counsellor of Colonel His Highness Maharaja Sir Sawai Madho Singhi; Bahadru, O.G.X.I., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., L.I.D. of Julpur. His connection with Julpur can be dealt with under three distinct begrowth.

AS EDUCATIONALIST.

For fourteen years, he was connected with the State
Department of Education, six of which were spent in the
Maharaja's Collegiate School. There for his conscientious

labour and the genuine interest and fastering care he took in the boys that came under his influence, he won the sincere setem and affection of all be came in contact with. He was the most popular teacher of his time, so much so, that even to this day his old pupils remember, with pride, the period of their lives when they were under his control. Apart from lessons in the class-room, he used to mix freely with his pupils outside the College premises, and it was he who introduced among the Jaipur students, cricket and other man's ports and established a debetting club. All the time he never forget the salutary lessons to be got from discipline, and it is said that many a boy of pervene habits was by jedicious treatment brought to see the error of his ways.

Master of the Rajput School, where he had a more resourched and honourable task to perform. For, he had to train the minds and mould the character of the scions of the Rajput nobility, who were to be the leaders of men and society. Fortunately at the time the present ruler of the Jajpur Sisto—then Kunwar Kein Singhjo II sarabh—was one of his students and here was began an intimacy which ripened into loyal friendship in after pears.

AS PRIVATE SECRETARY.

On the 29th September 1880, the present ruler ascended the Gad's, and three months after that Colonel Bradford (now Sir Edward Bradford), the then Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputane, in consultation with Colonel Beynon, the then Resident at Jaipur, selected Bahn Sanau Chandra for the post of the Private Secretary to the Malarest. The high character such sets strict sense of duty, which he always brought to bear on all coassions in whatever capacity he was placed, contributed largely to his great success as a Private Secretary to one so called in rank as His Highment the Maharaja Bahadur. For twenty years he filled the office with credit to himself and advantage to his clow, whose affection and absolute confidence he was able to win.

AS ADMINISTRATOR.

When the late Rao Bahadur Kantee Chandra Mookerjee, C.I.E., died at Nagpur, while travelling as a Member of the Famine Commission, His Highness the Maharaia Bahadur promoted Babu Sansar Chandra to a seat in the Council on the 1st April, 1901. He was made a member of the Foreign Department, being principally in charge of all affairs of the State which had any connection with the Imperial Government. He believed in healthy reform based on broad principles. and the eight short years of his administration hear witness to the various good results that attended the introduction of his progressive policy. Unfortunately. he was greatly handicapped by repeated famines and scarcity in the State, and by his prolonged illness during the last two years of his career. Nevertheless, he effected much improvement in several branches of the administration and contributed largely to enhance the high reputation of the State-both in India and abroad. He always took a deep interest in education, in which department his practical experience of early life stood him in good stead. Only those who were behind the scenes have any idea of the tact and shilly he showed in solving complicated State questions. He enjoyed the confidence of the Foreign Office; and the successive Residence and Agents to the Governor-General for Rejustance have publicly acknowledged his loyalty, his capacity and develous to his work.

HONOURS AND DECORATIONS.

In 1902, while in England with His Highness the Maharaia Bahadur on the occasion of the Coronation of the King-Emperor Edward VII, Babu Sansar Chandra was awarded the Coronation Medal, and the year follow-. ing, on the occasion of the great Coronation Durbar at Delhi, he received, as the first recognition of his good services at the hands of the Imperial Government, the personal distinction of Rao Bahadur. In 1905, he was decorated, by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, with the insignia of a Member of the Royal Victorian Order, and the same year His Highness raised him to the honourable position of a Tazimi Sardar of the State. In 1907. the Maharaja Bahadur recognised him officially as the Senior Councillor and conferred upon him a jagir in perpetuity at a public Durbar. The decoration of C.L.E. was conferred upon him in January 1909, and as Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra was lying ill in bed, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General held the investiture ceremony at the Babu's private residence on the 21st March of that year.

THE MAN.

Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra was a man of commanding presence and was always scrupulously tidy in regard to his attire, the fashion of which was that of his country. His face, frank and open, was rendered more attractive by the glance of his mild and kindly eyes. All who met him were charmed with his manner, which had in it that beautiful old-fashioned courtesy, less commonly met with now alas! than formerly. Truth, modesty and simplicity were conspicuous traits of his character .qualities which won every man's confidence. In a position of great temptation his hands were clean; never did the breath of slander dare to tarnish the good name he had earned for himself during more than forty years of public service. As a friend, he was staunch and steadfast. He could, when occasion arose, be very stern to evil-doers, and firmly enforced the punishment meted out to offenders. The stern mood necessary to meet the demands of his high position, he could assume, though it may be supposed it was never a pleasant task, vet very necessary, to administer punishment,

His master, the Maharaja Bahadur, trusted him implicitly; peans of experience had proved him to be of the stuff a good and tree man ir made of. Europeans lowed him for his mantly, simple ways and because he metheroice his word. Chicanery and duplicitly were worsh had word of the contract of the contra

Besides these high moral qualities mentioned, he

possessed a cultivated, vigorous intellect, which enabled him to grapple with the difficult and complicated pro blems, which often confronted him in this important State of Jaipur.

OBITUARY.

When he died on', the 1th May 1909, it was seen how videly known and highly ostenomed he was. Telegrams and letters came from all quarters. Almost all the leading Angle-Indian and Native Press of the country recordised their appreciation of Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra's high character and distinguished services. Most of all, perhaps of those outside the family circle, His Highness felt the burden of sorrow for none knew well as he did how much he had lost in the death of his valuable minister.

At a State beausure held on the 9th August 1909, in

hencer of the visit of the Hortile Coloned A. F. Finley, CI.E., Agent to the Governor-General in Rajpatans, this suble master alladed to the great loss in the following words: "Ladies and Gentlemen, you will, I hope, now allow no to refer to the lanented death of my minister Rao Bahadur Sansar Chardra Sen. In him I have lost a logal and sagacious activier and the State on experienced and cupable public servant. His services extended over a period of furty-there years in various experienced, and his death leaves a blank it will be difficult to fill." At the same State bumpet, the Houribe Colonel Phinley and regarding Babe Sansar Chandra, and with these words we may well conclude, "We recognise only to world the great loss which His Highness

and his State have sustained in the untimely death, after a long and lingering illness, of his faithful counsellor and friend Babu Sansar Chandra Sen. It will, however, he some consolation to his family

deserved."

to know that his life and character were thoroughly appreciated, not only in Jaipur, but by the Government of India, and that I was able during my last visit to confer on him the title, which he so thoroughly

THE MEETING.

A PURALO meeting in Jaipur is an unusual occurrence, and a meeting for presenting an address has bet one precedent. The quiet city was, karefore, stirred up to excitement when, on the 28th January 1909, a public meeting was convened in the Matnaryis College to present Rao Bahadar Sanar Chandra Sea, C.I.E., M.V.O., with an Address, commenceding the happy occasion of his receiving the title of C.I.E. The local Vakild' Association and the Kayesthe community, while associating fully with the object and sentiments of the main Address, excrement their desire to present separate

The spacious courtvard of the College premises was

addresses.

covered with a séamism and tastofully decorated. Colonel O. Herbert, C.S.T., Batidint, Colonel P. Durrell. Pank, LMS, the Rov. Dr. G. Macalister, M.A., D.D., the-Rev. J. Traill,, and several other European Indies and gentlemen graced the meoting. All the Tasimi Sardars, Jagindars and high officials of the State, then residing in the Oily, attended, and spectators, numbering marry three thousand and representing all creeds and ranks, were present. The meeting commenced at 4 elocitoit the afternoon. Navab Mirmtas-ud-Dowls Sir Fairjate Ali Khan Bahadur, K.G.I.E., Calz, being proposal by Thakur Nand Kisnove Singh and seconded by Rai Bahadur Purohit Gopinath, M.A., took the chair and with a short and nice speech declared the meeting open.





A letter from Sir Swinton S. Jacob, K.C.I.E., expressing his full sympathy with the object of the meeting and regretting his unavoidable absence from it, and a similar telegram from the Rao Raja of Sikar, were read by the Secretary of the Executive Committee. Thakur Nund Kissore Singh read the Address, which was then presented in a beautiful silver casket. After this, Colonel Herbert spoke about Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra in very kind terms. Sirdar Sen then rose to thank the Resident and delivered a very touching reply to the Address. An Address in Urdu, presented by the local Bar, was next read by Munshi Makhan Lal Bhargava, M.A., to which the Rao Bahadur replied in Urdu. An Address from the Kayestha community in English, read by Captain Shyam Sunderlal, B.A., then followed, and was replied to in fitting terms. An Address, in Sanskrit verse, was also presented by Pandit Balchandra Shastri. The Resident and all other European visitors were presented with attar and garlands, and after a few concluding remarks from the President, the meeting came to a close with a hearty vote of thanks to the Chair.

The Address and the Casket.

THE Address was nicely got up and printed on illuminated silk. The casket represented a log of wood, eight inches long, carried on the trunk of a caparisoned silver elephant, with howdah on its back, measuring nearly a foot in height. The podessla, on which the elephant stands, is made of wood, with white sandal and black ebonite in alternate arrangements. The inscriptions on the two long sides are in inlaid blue enamel types, both English and Hindi, on silver plates, the text of which is as under:-

PRESENTED TO

Rao Babadur Sansar Chandra Sen, C.J.E., A.V.O., Senior Member, State Council, Jaipur,

His Pupils and Friends.

राव बहादुर

श्रीयक्त संसारचन्द्र सेन महाराय सी. खाई. ई: एम. बी. ख्रो: प्रधानामात्व राज सवाई जयपर के कर-कमलों में

> उनके छात्र श्रीर मित्र मन्डल ने भक्ति श्रीर स्नेष्ठ पुर्व्वक समर्पश किया ।

On the two smaller sides, "1909 A.D." and " work qeeu" in solid silver type are inlaid in the wood. The whole work is really an admirable specimen of Jaipur workmanship, executed throughout in the Jaipur School of Arts

Speech delivered by Nawab Mumtaz-ud-Dowia Sir Mohammad Faiyaz Ali Khan Bahadur, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., in opening the Meeting.

إسپيبي

جناب ممتازالدرله نواب سر محمد فياض على خانصاهب مهادر که- سی، آئی- اس— سی، ایس- آئی-پریسیڈیفت جلسه

ُ ──:∞---کرنٹل ھربرتا —لیڈیز ر دیگر ھافرین جلسه--آپ لوگوں کر معلر ہے کہ جو اعزاز ہی۔ آگی۔ لی-میرے گئین اور ''پی درست راہ بعادر بابر مٹسار چھٹرنہی

میں کو گورٹیونٹ الدہ هذہ کے اوٹکی قابل تدر خدمات ریافت کے ملک میں بختھا کیا ہے ارسکی خرفی ظاہر کرنے اور ممارکباد دینا کے لئے آج مراکب بیاں جمہ ہورے ہوری جس محنت جائفشائی و خبرخواہی کے اس عومہ ۲۴ سال میں راز بیائٹ صیدس راصحب مورض کے خدمات ریافت کو مختلف میںرن پر مامبر رفتار انجام

خدامات ریاست کر مختلف عبدس پر مامور رهتر الجام دیا هے اور عم انتظام روفا در بابا پر جو اثر آنکی کرشش ب سے پہرٹیا ہے و ہم فرہ بشرے پرشیدہ قبی ہے اور جو نیک دینی خرش خلفی و اوران دائیں وغیرہ کے ارماف حیدید از تی هیں اور حم دور دم واقف ہے ہے طرز پر اس جلسہ میں شریک ہوئے کی خرصے ہے که طرز پر اس جلسہ میں شریک ہوئے کی خرصے ہے

هیچکر بھی آئی۔ ادنی طائب علموں میں سے ہوئے کا فخر حاصل ہے جرعزت آپ لوگوں نے میری اس جلسہ کے پریسڈیڈٹ بٹائے میں کی سے ارسکا میں مشکور ہوں اراب میری درخواست ہے کہ ایڈریس شروع کا جا۔۔۔۔

An Address

70

RAO BAHADUR SANSAR CHANDRA SEN, C.I.E., M.V.O.,

Senior Member, State Council, Jaipur.

Sib,

FIE New Year, 1909, has dawned with yet another fresh mark of appreciation from the Imperial Government for the good administration of the Jaipur State. Your admission to the Companionship of the most caninant order of the Indian Rapire has been halled with delight by all who know you, whatever be their rank or creed, and has brought unmixed by especially to the heats of your numerous friends and admives, both in and out of the State. Praise be to our august Master, under whose benign rule such happy days are our.

On this memorable occasion, ve-to all of whom you have been either atacher, a kind riend, or a benefactor—have thought it our duty to offer you, in a public manner, our most cordial congratulations and thus to place on record the great esteem and admiration we have always entertained for you. Your career and high character will always be a stimulus to us, and un example, which it will be our endeavour to follow. Your connection with will be our endeavour to follow. Your connection with still be our endeavour to follow. Your connection with still be our endeavour to follow.

State. What we admite most is that you have constited unchanged and unsideded by the elevation in your enfails position, and in the venerable chief administrator of the Jaiguer State, we see today the same kind, courteen, unassuming and upright friend that he was when a teacher in the Olinga, intone hills—century age. Power and prosperity are strong intoxicants, and very few remain nasificated by them; but it is no fattery on our part to say that, though you have had your abare of both, yet such is the excellence of your channels that your sense of justice and your high integrity have been left unimented.

1886, and as was the case with your esteemed predecessor in offect, the late Rao Bahadur Kantee Chandra Moeserjee, C.I.E., your first field of work was the Maharaja's College. There, with the whole-hearted devetoic of considerations young man, you put your energy and not an unimportent part in the rongunization of the educational department, which can now boast of institutions department, which can now boast of institutions that have been acknowledged to have carried "the palm in matter educational" in Raipitanta. Your careful attention to your duties and your kind and affable manners won for you the steeme of your overwhere and the affaction of your pupils, who, to this day, remember with untile the firm when they were associated with your when they were associated with your these themselves the contraction to the contraction of the con

Your connection with the State began as early as

In 1872, you were placed at the head of the Rajput School—an institution, which, in those days, was the only seminary where wholesome education could be imparted to the young nobles of Jaipur, who were to wield. in future considerable influence and power in the land. There, for the first time, you met your noble Master, to whose service Providence had decreed that you should devote your life. We need not indicate all your good over in the cause of education in Julynu, million it to say that an a reward for your good services, you were selected to the cause of th

that as a reward tor your good services, you were sectived, in 1880, with the unanimous approval of the Council of Regency, to undertake the important duties of Private Secretary to the young Malanayi.

The duties of a Private Secretary to one so exalted in rank at His Highmen the Mahaving are no less delicate than they are responsible, and we have no besistation in saying that you successfully fulfilled all those—complicated and onerous as they were. Your modesty and prover of self-efficiented are known to all, absolute lorality

has been your watchword, and the success of your Masteryour highest reward. Your love for carrying details to perfection, your insight and reverence for the traditions and customs of an oriental State, and above all your whole-cooled devotion, unalloyed with motives of personal aggrandisement, have won for you the affection and about the confidence of your noble Master. For twenty long years you performed very creditably the duties of Private Scretars, and then on the donies of the lake language

Chief Councillor, you were raised to the Council in 1901.
Your elevation to the Council marks the dawn of a new era of progress for Jaipur, based on broad principles.
Unfortunately, you began at a time when the country had just passed through the throes of a great famine, that

just passed through the throes of a great famine, that had taxed the resources of the State to the utmost, and which was followed by another famine and scarcity and the visitation of plague in the land. Bet with the ready ametion of our benevotest Maters, you fought those evils successfully. The past eight short years of your administration are crowded with great events —events that vill form important landmarks in the history of afapurand although handicapped with numerous difficultion, you helped not only to uphold but to enhance the high regutation of our great Chief and the State,—both here and abroad.

By far the most important event for the Jaipur World occurred in the year 1902, when His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur paid a visit to England in acceptance of the gracious invitation of the King-Emperor to be present at His Majesty's Coronation. The step was as unprecedented as it was bold,-unprecedented because no Chief of Jaipur, and for the matter of that no orthodox Hindu Prince, ever before crossed the seas to Europe, and bold because the journey was beset with many difficulties according to the injunctions of the Hindu Shastra. Nor was the popular opinion less hostile to the proposal. But you were the leader of those who foresaw the good that was to come out of it, and stood firm by our wise Master and supported his laudable resolution. With the aid of the counsel of renowned Pandits, elaborate arrangements were made to obviate the Shastric difficulties The visit cost an enormous amount of money, but it was fraught with the best results. Of the numerous distinguished visitors from India the high reputation of the great Jainur Chief stood foremost in virtue of his striking individuality as the representative of orthodox Hinduism, and the name of Jaipur became very well known to the whole civilized world. Thus our beloved Master set before the great Hindu world a unique example, which will be followed at all times and which alone will immortalize his renowned name.

The world-renowned visit to England was followed, in 1903, by the great Coronation Durbar at Delhi, and the visit to Jaipur of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, who was specially commissioned by His Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor to decorate His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur with the insignia of the Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order. In England you were awarded the Coronation Medal, and on the occasion of the great Durbar, the Imperial Government first recognized your good services by conferring upon you the personal distinction of Rao Bahadur. Another very memorable event for Jaipur was the visit of their Royal Highne .c. the Prince and Princess of Wales in 1905, The grand success which attended the happy occasion was aroinly due to your vast experience in State matters as well as your whole-hearted devotion to duty, compled with your characteristic attention to details, which won for you the desoration of M.V.O. at the hands of the Royal Prince. The same year, our beloved Chief, in a public Durber, conferred upon you the honourable distinction of a Tazimi Sardar of the State.

It is not possible to enumerate in detail within the mutrow compass of this Address the various good results that have attended the introduction of your progressive policy in the Juipur administration. The impetus given to higher scientific education and the better equipment of the College Internation and the progressive progressive of the College Internation of the contraction of the College International Contractions as well as the numbered grant of the College International Contraction of the College Internation of the College Internation of the College International Contraction of the College Internation of the College Inte

BVCL 11552 11552 21 923.254425 A62R

by the Durbar of Rs. 10,000 annually in scholarships for special study, bear witness to your great interest in matters educational. You have advocated the education of the minor Jaipur Sardars on a wider scale, and the inauguration of a system of direct supervision by the Council for the better management of their estates. Your desire to replenish the State service with better qualified men is evident from the sending out of educated Jaipur youths for the Settlement, Police, Grass-farming and other special training, the introduction of probationary Tehsildars, and the ready recognition of the claims of local graduates to higher State service. To the great convenience of the general public, you have thoroughly reformed the State Postal Department, and arrangements are in progress to secure a Postal Convention with the Imperial Government. New channels for augmenting the State revenue have been opened up by the construction of the first Jaipur State Railway, and by contributing towards the capital cost of the Jaipur Section of the Nagda-Muttra Railway. In short, absolute devotion to the interest of your great Master, healthy progress in the affairs of the State, suppression of corruption, and even-handed justice to all have been the leading features of your administrative policy.

In 1907, in recognition of your long and devotedly popular services, our angust Chiler awarded you by recognizing you as his Senior Councillor, and conferring on you as his Senior Councillor, and conferring on you have been a senior of the last recognition of your sterling qualities has just come from the Imperial Government in the form of the coveted title of CLE, to congratulate to-day. May kind Providence spare you long in life and health to enjoy the well-current distinctions which you have received, and to see the accomplishment of the neble work you have begun is the fervent with of your

noble work you have begun is the fervent wish of your admiring

PUPILS AND ERIFNDS.

Speech delivered by Colonel C. Herbert, C.S.I., Resident at Jaipur.

Hao Baradou Sarsas Chandra Sista,—On behalf of the European Indies and gentlemen present here, as well as your many absent friends, and from myself I add our hearty congratulations to the well choose terms of exteem and admiration so feelingly expressed in the eloquent address which we have just heard. It is nearly four years since I first had the pleasure of making your sequalizations as a Member of H. H.'s Council, and during

acquaintance as a Member of H. H.'s Council, and during that time I have never heard other than good spoken of you by all norts and conditions of men,—indeed every one has spoken of you with affection and regard, and I have ever found you, as the address says, courtoous, puright, with a fine sease of justice and the highest integrity. It has always been a great pleasure to me to work with you for the good of the State. You have ever been loral to your master, the Maharshia Sahib and, as a

with a fine sense of justice and the highest integrity.

It has always been a great pleasure to me to work
with you for the good of the State. You have ever been
loyal to your master, the Mahaspia Sakib and, as a
consequence, loyal to the British Government, and It
rejoice to think that your long and ardrous labours of
over forty years have been recognized by His Majestly
the King-Empurer by your admission to the Honousel
Company of the most Eminent Order of the Indian
Empire.

Accept our most hearty folicitations on this happy

Speech by Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra Sen. C.I.E., M.V.O., Senior Member, State Council.

Jaipur, in reply to the Address presented to him by his pupils and friends. MR. CHAIRMAN, COL. HERBERT, LADIES AND GENTLE-MEN.-While I hoped that the Resident Col. Herhert and my other European friends might be present on this occasion. I did not expect that Col. Herbert would be so

kind as to make any reference to me in this meeting. Col. Herbert has done me great honour in referring to me in the way he has done. In all my dealines with him I have received at all times his well-thought-out advice in times of difficulty, for his long experience in Rajput States made him a sure, safe and valuable adviser. I shall ever remember the courtesy and affability which he

invariable showed to me in my intercourse with him. And I also thank all the ladies and gentlemen who have been so kind as to take the trouble to come here to-day to show their sympathy with this meeting. And now my dear friends: It is not possible for me to express adequately the

feelings which I have on this occasion. I have listened with great pleasure to the kind address which you have just now presented to me, and I thank you for it, and for the beautiful work of art which holds it. They will abide with me to the end of my days to remind me of my friends with whom I have been pleasantly associated during my life in Jaipur. Standing here among you in the evening of my life I recall the time when many of you,

who are now grown-up men, were boys whom I loved so well

and whose career I watched with so much fond interest. In this address you have drawn a picture in which I appear more or less prominently, but I am not sure that the perspective is always correct. It is true tlat. I have had to do with the works which you describe, but you will not consider it ungrancious of mo if I point out that His Highness the Mahampih hav been the guiding and controlling power, which made what has been done possible, and also I call upon myself to resemble that without your aid and co-operation the work could not have been accomplished. Thus, in the business of the State, we are all more or less dependent on one another, and success can be attained only when each one of the work can gestablishment, whatever be his grand, remembers this, in grand, remembers this.

and endexours faithfully and strennosity to do his daty.

It behoves no here to refer with special gratitude to
the great kindness of the Imporial Government in having
conferred upon me the title of C.I.E., a great honour
which I value most highly and for which I give my most
heartfelt thunks.

I was greatly impressed with one remark which you made in your addrew. You mentioned that I had not eastmake to you. If so, I thank God for it. When I look back on my past life, I as conscious that I have often failed, and that things might have been better done than they were, but of this too,—and I say it thankfuleness to a higher power,—I am conscious that I have tried to do my duty faithfully and to serve dillinguity the kind master to whom I owe everything. His Highness' active and practical sympathy for those who was in disteast prisopective of outer, colour or creed.—

sympathy which recognises no geographeial limitation, his strong practical common sense, his great consideration, his fatherly low for his subjects over whom Providence has ordained him to rule, are some among other great qualities which have always commanded my admiration and won my affection and absolute devotion.

Life is full of pathos, but more especially to one like myeaft who has arrived at the gloaming of life, pathesic memories and experiences are apt to crowd the mind on such an occasion as this. In the ordinary course of natural must give place to obtain sooner or later, happy if I have been able to leave some "footprints on the sands of time" which may guide and cheer others.

Years and grey hair may make acceptable a few words of advice before we part. Remember, in all your ways, that there is God above you who marks your ways, therefore fear Ilim, thereby you will be better able to serve your certify marter. You are in a State, the head of which is alert to note good service done. No one knows better than Ilis Highness, who are his faithful servants. You may be in an outlying district, and sometimes be in danger of feeling that you are neglected, but take heart of gross, your time for proper recognition will come in due comes. Be honest, ministin your self-seepest, and cultivate the manly virtues which make a good and unright character.

"Be just and fear not, let all the ends thou aim'st at, be thy country's, thy God's and Truth's."

And then, though you may have failed to attain to the highest place, you may feel, when the twilight comes, that your life has not been in vain. ایقریس مفجانب وکلا و مختارکاران ریاست جیپور-بيغدمت

عاليجناب راو بهادر سنسار

چندرجي سين سي- آئي- اي-ايم وي - او سينير ميمبر استيت كونسل رياست موصوف لله الحمد هران چيز که خاطر مي خواست آخر آمدز پس پرده تقدیر پدید ہم راچ جیپور کے وکا و صخةاركار كمال ادب کے ساتھ، دل و زُبانَ من وَالا جناب كا شكريه أدا كرت هيس كه آپ ا

ایلی رافت و نوازش سے همارے ایدریس کے قبول فرمانے كى تكليف گوارا فرماكر عموماً ببلك كو اور خصوماً همارے زمرة كو اعزاز ُخَاصُ بِنُحْشاً—هم لوگوں كى سوانع عمري مُیں یہ پہلا مُبارك موقع ہے كه آپكى عالى خدمت میں اپنی بھی خواهی آور ارادتمندی کا اظہار ایسے بیش بها آور گرافقدر وقت پر کریں جو خوش قسمتی ہے آج همكو مما سَتِهـ أسمين غَالباً كسي نيكَ طيفت اور حقّ

rn پسقه شخص دو سر انکار نهوگا که روزنامیچه و تاریخ وکالت میں یه تطبقه غیبی ر عطبه سرمدی سنهري حرفوں میں لكينے كے قابل ھے۔

چناب والا کی بیش بہا خدمات راج کا تذکرہ کرتے هوے يه بات سب سے پہلے بيش نظر هوتي في كه أيت الح دور عهدة هين وة مقين تدبير أور سُلْجيدة باليسى

معظم اور مقتدر مخاطب نے مشیر راج و سلطفت کی حیثیات سے هم لوگوں کے ساتھ، اور نیز جیپور کی ببلک کے ساتھ، واجب نکہداشت اور جائز و ضروری مراعات کے چو سلوك فرمانے هيں هم لوگ كه دل سے اسكى قدر كرتے هيں - چونكه وكالت بيشه اشتحاص كو عام رعایا کے مقولوں اور منصوبوں کے جانچنے اور صحیح اندازہ كُرْ لَ كَا بِيشْتُرْ سَابَقَهُ بِوِتَا كُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اوْنِكُ دَلَّ و دَمَاعُ كُو بِيلَک کے خیالات کا فُوٹو یا آئیفہ کہا جائے تو ہے حصل اور قاموزوں نہوگا۔۔اور اس طرح ہر گویا اس گروہ کو عام رعایائی قایم مقامی کا مذصب حامل ہے۔

الحُقيار فومائي كه حِسكي بدولتُ باقبال بذدگان عالي متعالى سرى جى دام افهاله اس محلك كے شرحصة میں ھو پہلو سے امن رہا اور رعایا کے امن و اَسایتک اور علوان أبادي مين نسبنا پهلے سے ترقي هولي حب سے زمام انتظام و عنان اهتمام أقات نعمت بلدكان عالى في جُفَابِ اقداس ك موزوں اور مفاسب هانهوں ميں سونهي ع ارسى وقت مے آہے کسى خاص صيغه اور مختص كام سے اولى دائيسى أور ميلان خاطر كو مقيد أور معدود نبیس هونے دیا-بلکه هر جزو کل انتظامی و رفاهی امور

كى بست وكشاد پر بحثيت سيايير ممبري مدبرانه نظر فرمائس اور مُنْصفانه عمل ركبا—آﷺ اﷺ رفقار و كودارً "رعايا چو بين است و سلطان درخت" ك حكيمانة قول كو كهيس نظر أنداز نهين فرمايا-بلكه أسى مسلَّحكم اور مفيد اعول ع جمله اطراف رجوانب پر هميشه ايلى نگاه کو جماے رکھا اور کسی افقاد کاگریر پر بھی اوس استوار راسته کو هاتهه سے جانے نهیں دیا ۔ جو جو افقادیں

گردش زمانه سے نظام ملعی کی برهمزن مثل گرانی قَحُط و وباً ح طاعون اسْ ملک کے وسَیع رَقبه میں آئیں

وہ جنّاب راد کی بیدار مغزی 'ہوشنّدی' ہے انتہا چانفشانی اور گرانقدر مشورت کی بدولت اس طرح گذر گذیر که رعایا اینی اپنی جگهه پر استقلال اور ثابت قدمُى سے قايم رهى اور كوئى قصبه كوكى قوية كوكى دية یا ارسکا کوئی حصہ ویواں و برباہ نہیں ہونے پایا نہ اس حصُّه ملک ٤ باشندوں لے كسى دوسري جگهه جاكر ارسکو اپدًا مامن و مسکن بدایا---گذشتہ دو سال میں جب پلیگ کے قمودار ہولے سے تمام رعایا میں بد دلی پیدا هوئی اور هل چُل پوگلی-صاهب مقدور ر في استطاعت افراد يا ب بضاعت و بسرماید اشتاص نے کشمکش بیم و رجا میں سراسیمه و حدِرُان بلا کسی انقظام ضروری ناگزیر آیج ایخ گهرون کو چهوڙا—وة زمانة بهت هي خطوفاك اور نهايت نازك تها ارزوءَ سين لُهادِت هولفاك اور هيببت آگيس "خدا پهر كبهى نه دكهائر نه سنائر" اس وقت مين تدابير انقظامي

عمل میں لانا اصابت راے سے کام لیقا کارے دارد کا

مضمون رکهما تها-ایسی سخت اور دشوار گزار راه مین مردانةً مُستقل رهقا اور رعايا كي جان و مال كو حفاظت میں رکھا۔مرض مہلک کے دفعیہ کے اسباب فواہم کرنے پر مزید توجهہ مبدول کرنا جرایم کے انسداد کی تدابیو مُفَاسَب عَمْل ميس لانا آيكي بيدار مغزي هوشمندي نیک نہادی همدردی کا اعلے نمونہ تبا جسکے نتیجہ میں رعایا برایا کے اموال و مواشی بہ پیشه لوگوں کی دستبرد سے جو ایسی افقات اور موقعوں پر مثل گربه مفتظر به سوراخ موش قاك مين رها كرتے `هين كليناً" محفوظ و سلامت رہے۔با رصف ان ترددات کے کہ انتظام قعط اور دفع وباے طاعوں کی تدبیروں میں آپ کے قیمتٰی وقت كا بهت يوا حصة صرف هوا-أب في اعلاحات انتظام ملکداری و انصاف رسانی کی تدابیر کو ببی نظر انداز نه هرئے دیا— غالبا" یہ بات ہر صاحب بصیرت کے حافظہ میں محفوظ هوگی که هفوز پہلے بلیگ کو ایک هی سال گزرا تها اور شهر کی گئی هُوئی رونق النے مرکز اصلی پر پورے طور مے واپس نہیں ہونے ہائی تھی کہ جناب عالی قباب آقاے نعمت دام اقبالہ نے اپنے خلوص اور وفور علو همتی سے عالیجناب شاهزادہ والا اقتدار بونس أف ويلُز بهادر بالقابة كو ايفًا مهمان كيا أور شهر جيَور أور هر طهقه رعايا كو قدرم ميمنت ازرم شاهزادة صلحب بهادر

سے رونق و مسوت و اقتخار حاصل ہوا۔ یہ وقت راج کے مرجع کار مدارالمہام کے لئے نہایت مہتم بالشان اور بہت نازک تہا۔ مگر والا جناب کے حسن انتظام اور قابل

سةایش بیدار مغزی زیرکی و فرزانگي کا به فقیجه هوا كه ارس زمانه تشريف أرزي جذاب ممدرج مين كوئى شكايت كسى قسم كى عمومًا" و خصوصا" كوش زد تهيى هوئی اور ارسی کا یه خوش آیده نتیجه هوا که جااب والا كو ايم- وي- ار- كا خطَّابُ عطا فرمايا گياَــــُ آپ کے پیشرو راو بھادر کافڈی چڈدرجی مُتئرجی سى- آئى- اى- كَ وقت سے پيل جوديشيل الني پر ایات تیرہ و تار کہنا ہے ترتیبی کی چھائی ہوئی تھی اور چپور کا بار کس مہرسی کی تاریکی میں بہت بست حالت ميس يوا هوا تها ليكس يقيقاً " حسب منشا و ايما _ جذاب أقات نعمت بذدكان عالى دام اقباله بابو صاحب معدوج نے اوس تیرگی و دھندائھے کے رفع كرنے كا نقش أول كهينكيا جو أيك حدد تك مرور زمانه ئے ساتھۂ ساتھۃ انکے وقت میں انزونی و توقی ُ پاتا رہا جواور اس حالت ميں چندان خوش أيند أور وقيع نهين هوك يايا تها كه زمانه كي رفقار في عذان انقظام و اهتمام آپُ کے عالیہ میں دی۔ آپ نے اپنے فروغ عقل اور روشنی انصاف پسندی شد خوشنما نقش درم کی طرح

قَالي ﴿ جِنَانُجِهِ رَعَامِا ٤ حَقْرَقَ أُورَ دَادَهُ بِالْـ ٤ عَ طُرِيقَ زِيَادَة

پیکے شاذ و فادر ایسا موقع ملفا تھا کہ رعایا ایخ حقوق ير أزادي كے ساته، اجلاس حمله ممبران ميں بحث كرے اُور مُقدَمات كى ب ضابطكيوں بر توجهه دائے-يه أيكي انصاف بسندي اور رعيت بروري كا فيضان في كه قريب قريب شر پنچيدة مقدمه مين احاس حماء ممبران مين اهُل مقدمُه كي حاضري كيُّ اجازتُ دي جاتي ُّ ۽ اور رکا کی جےے کو غور ہے سا جاتا ہے۔اجانس موصوف میں جو قانونی پیشہ افراد کا اعزاز ملتموظ رکبا جاتا ہے أَسَكِ لِنُهُ شَمْ لُوكُونَ كَا دَلَ هَرِ وَقَاتَ شَكَرُكُوارَ رَهَدًا ہے اور اس تعدًا سے لبویز ہے کہ اس میں اور مُوید ترقی هو۔ والا جِفَابِ کے مبارک عہد میں طبقہ وکلا کا اعزاز اور برِهاياً گيا كه گريجويت و انڌر گريجويت لايق افراد بعُطّاتُ سُفُد اس معزز أرمرة مين داخل كلَّم كلِّه -جس سے عالوة

اس طبقه کی مُرْت بوهلے کے کالم کے طلبا میں بہی ایک تصریک خاص ببدا هو چلی ہے۔۔چنائچہ ظاهر ے کہ چُپور کالم کے ایک طالب علم نے بہت قابلیت کے ساتھ ایل۔ ایل۔ دی۔ کی ڈگری حاصل کی۔۔ چونکه آیکی توجههٔ اس طرف مائل ہے کہ اچھی قابلیت اور اچھ چال چلی کے اشکامی اس با وقعت پیشہ میں شامل عوں اور اس نادر بیش بہا خیال کی شہرت

هر طرف من پُر مغز اور ذمی فهم آفراد کو اس پیشه میں داخَلُ هونے کی طرف کھیلی کہیاچ کر آ رُھی کے اور خاص شہر کے ،اشلکوں کو بھی یہ جرات دلا رہی ہے كة وة اس طبقه مين داخل هوكر اسكى فازك ذم واربون اور قانونی قابلیتوں سے انصاف میں مدد دینے کے طریقے

سیکهیں اور ہم لوگوں کو امید ہے کہ جو هدارے فرقه میں شفاؤ کار اس کام کی باریکوں کو اچھا سنجھلے ہیں اور ایٹا کام اچھی طرح الجام دیتی ہیں وہ بھی عطامہ سقد کے محبورہ قد رہیئے۔

ار اینا کام اچھی طرح البجام دیئے ہیں وہ بھی عطاسے آف کے محبور نہ دوہدئئے۔۔ آف کے مصارک عبد میں یہ پہاڈ مرق سے کہ ایداک شخص ایل۔ ایل: میں کہ جیڈیشیل لائل میں مقتدر مالزمت عطا ہوئی۔۔۔اور ادیق لیزچوپیشس کو صور معرز

عبدة عطا كُمُ كُمُ كُسُدها مُن خَاصَ دربار خُ مُوتُمِس بُر طَبِقَهُ وقد و مختار كاران كو اجازت حاضري دربار ديا جاتا اور أن كو شريك دربار كيا جاكر أنكي عزت افزائكي كرنا ية آپ هي كاتال تدر ان اما خيالات كان شُنْفت، في

کے قبل تدر اور اعلی خیالات کا روش نگنجہ گے۔ چفاب والا کی مدارالہامی کے زمانہ میں یہ بات آب زرے اٹھنے کے قابل ہے کہ همارے آتا ہے فصت مدار اقبالہ کے ایل ایل ہے کہ همارے اقاب فصت پریورشی سے ملی اور آس دوراز کے مرتبی پر بھی معقبارکار و رفا کی شرکت سے اس فرقہ کی عرب افوائی

فرمائی گئی۔۔ عالیجفار نے بحیثیت مغیر ملطقت کے نہایت محینتر اور کوششوں شد هر میند میں املح فرمائی تعلیم بالند اور عام رمایا میں هددادوزوری پیدا

صفتوں اور گوشش سے هر موندا میں اماح قومائی تعلق باللہ اور مام روبال میں هردادونری پیدا کی۔۔۔۔۔مائم ماضیت سب خرائی دیں۔۔۔اسینی شک نیوں کہ آپ نے ان کی خدمات کی اقباء دھی اور خلق الدائی عامروں اور اٹائی المائی کی کوششوں کے انہنائے میر اپنی افزادس کو بھی خور باد کہنیا اس

ہے زیادہ حفاظت بقدگاں تھدا اور اداے فوایض مقصبی جيس کيا حصه ليا جا سکتا <u>ه</u>ـــــ چنائچه هماري قدردان رهيم. عادل- اور رعايا پرور گرزنمیات عالیہ نے بھی آپکی بیش بہا خدمات کا بہت اچے پیرایه سے اعتراف فرمایا ہے که آپ کوسی - آئی- اتی كا معزز خطاب عطا فرمايا اس موقع پر--پبلك كو چو مسرت هولى مي أسكاً اظهار كون كو هم كوك بسيئيت قایم مقامی ببلک حاضر کدمت هوے هیں۔ اور گرزنمینت آف اندیا اور جناب بندگان عالی منعالی سري جي دام اقباله كا شكريه ادا كرك دست بدما هيل که سری حضور پر نور دام اقباله کے ظل عاطفت میں هَميشُهُ (هَمَرُ آَپُ اَيَلَاهُ بَهِي ايسي هي زعايابروزي و قدردانی فرمائے رهیں ارر آپ کو اس سے زیادہ مفتنے اور مُعقاز هونے کے مواقع ملتے رهیں اور هم اسي طرح آپئی خدمت میں مبارکباں عرض درئے کا افتخار حاصل منبع ألطاف و رحمت مصدر فيض و كرم تًا قيامت أَبِ كو الله ركم بو قرار_ دوست هول دل شاد- دشمن پائمال درد و فم هم بهي ظل عاطفت مين خوش رهين ليل و نهار-نياز كيشان - متهوا پرشاد - معهن لال ايم - ا - - هوديال سفكهة - عابد حسين - - لادهو رام - بجهني لل-محمد اشفاق رسول - محمد فيوض على -سيد احسان الحق—سيد راجد حسين— بدري نراين--و حمدم والات سوشته و صفقار كاران عداًلتهات رياست جيور--

۲۸ جنوري سده ۱۹۰۹م

حضور ئير لور ً

جناب زار بهادر بابو سنسار چندرجي سين سي- اَئي- اي-ايم- ري- ار- سيدير ممبر استيت كونسل بجواب اقريس پیش کوده وکلاً، سرَشته راج سُوائی جُےپور—

وكلاد سوشته—

جی الفاظ میں آپ لوگوں نے اس موقع پر ایقی

خوشی، کا اظهار کیا ہے اوسکا میں مشکور ہوں۔ جی خوش نظمیوں و ترقبوں کو آپ نے میری معدّت

و کوشش ر جاںفشانی ہے مفسوب کیا ہے آئی سب کا رجود محض بافيال قدگان عالي متعالى سرى جى دام اقباله و ميرك لايق همجليسوں كى مدد سے هوا عــ

إِنْ أَمِرِ كَى نَسُبِتَ مَيْنَ هَلَ مَيْنَ هَلَ كَيْهَ كُيَّهُ كُمَّا

پیشه وکالت ایك مرز بیشه ہے۔اور عام رعایا كى أَسَايِهُ كَا يَا بَنِي ايك أَدْرِيعَهُ عِدَاكُرُ اسْمِينَ لَايِقَ وَ اچے تعلیم یافقہ اشخاص شریک ہوتے رہیں اور محض ایقی قانُونِي وَ عَلَمَى لِيَاقِت كُو هِي أَلِمُنَا ذَرِيعَهُ مَعَاشَ رَكَهِمُو رعایًا کو اُونکے حکام کے پاس اونکے خیالات و مطالب کے

اظهار میں مدہ دینے رهیں اور کوئی کارروائی کسی کی

طرف سے ایسی وقوم میں نہ آرے کہ جو ایسے الیق و ياك پيشه كے شاياں نه هر--تو مين خوشي و آيده، بهبودی کا باعث ہے۔۔ ہر ایات توہ و مخلک کی بهبودی ارر أَيَدُدُهُ تُواريع مين ارسكى مده جُمُّهه زياد، تر أوك عام انصاف کی رجیه سے ہوئی سے۔ارر انصاف کے ہوئے میں پیشه وکاد ایک جزر اعظم عد -اسکے فریعه سے مجوزان كو معامله كے هو پهلو اور قافوني باريكيوں پر نظر ةاللَّہ و غور کونے کا کافی موقع ملقا ہے۔۔۔اکثر اشخاص جو اپنی لیادی کی وجہہ سے آس بات میں فغیر سمجھٹے ہیں کہ مِ گذاهب كو سزاياب كرادين -- يا گذيكارون كو آنك قعل کی پاداش سے بیادیں ۔۔ یہ بات میرے نودیک تہیک نبیں ہے۔۔آدمی کوئی طرز معاشوت مثل وکالت

مقارمت یا تجارت رغیرہ رکھ ممکر راستبازی کے اعلیٰ اصولوں کو استے ہاتھہ سے ہرگز ہرگز نه جائے ہ ہے۔۔اور کسی فرو بشر کو ناجائز نقصان یا رنب پیونچانے کا کبھی باعث نه هوي مجهکو امید ہے کہ آپ لوگ ہم**یشہ محض فراہمي** زر کو هی ایغا اصول زندگی نه سمجهکر اینا فر*ق ب*هت خُوشُ چَلفًى و لَيَاقَت كَمْ سائهه انجامُ ديثر رهيفگر—اور هموشه اس بات میں کوشاں رهینگے که عام انصاف کی سفيدي پر کسي طرحکا داغ نه آ سئے۔۔۔اور انصاف پسڈد مجوزان کو ارنکی عدل گسدري ميں آپ لوگوں کي اعلى درچه کی تعلیم و لیاقت و تجربه سے مدد ملکر پیلک کو فائدة يهو^نجةا ر<u>ھ</u>ــــ

COMPLIMENTARY ADDRESS

70

Rao Bahadur Sansar Chandra Sen,

C.I.E., M.V.O.,

Senior Member, State Council, Jaipur.

SIR.

WE, the members of the Kayestha Night School, Jaipur, and Kayestha Community in general, beg to submit our most timerer and cortilal congratulations on the occasion of your receiving the honour of the order of the Companion of the Indian Empire which the Government of India has been pleased to confer upon you.

It is needless for us here to dwell at length on the many and important services you have rendered to the State as well as to the subjects of His Highness,—all these are well known to the Public.

Your whole life has in fact been a continuous and practical illustration of progress made in matters of education and politics and the position which you now occupy it only a higher assurance of greater usefulness. It is ascretcy necessary to say that we, the Kayesthas, are the descendants of Sri Chittra Guptaji and so from times immemorial have been capaged in literary work, have been much more connected with the administrative stillars of all the rulers of India in ages past and upper than others have been and have been discharging the arduous and onerous duties entrusted to our care with honesty, loyalty and faithfulness, to the satisfaction, we hope, of the authorities. Hence we feel bound to express our heartfelt joy on this happy occasion.

The interest you have taken in education, the kind froatment we have always received at your hands and your seal for our intellectual and moral progress and advancement will make us ever remember you with loving qualitized. We profoundly admite those high qualities and attainments which have won for you the sincere love and esteme do our community.

In conclusion we wish you a long life and many years of continued public usefulness.

We beg to subscribe ourselves,

Sir,

Your ever grateful and loving Servants,

MEMBERS OF THE KAYESTHA NIGHT SCHOOL AND KAYESTHA COMMUNITY IN GENERAL

JAIPUR, The 28th January 1909.

अभिनन्दनपत्रमिदं समुल्लसतुतराम् ॥

॥ दोचा ॥

श्रीहरिचरसस्रोजमति कीरति विमल वियाल । चिरंजीव युग युग रहो जयपुरेयभूपाल ॥ १ ॥

॥ स्त्रीकाः ॥

यं भोन्वेयमिति बुर्वातं कातियिकार्यां मुर्ग्यं परं गूरं सङ्गलसत्याय खुरवरा विधानियं चारे ।। इस्ते खरिव्यम्बेलियिदरियक्किया चेतरे श्रीमन्याव्यमित्तम्यात्रियदरियक्कियाः चेतरे श्रीमन्याव्यमित्तम्यात्रियाः खर्चाः । १ ॥ योक्टिसियक्वरीयक्कियाः स्वारः कत्वः च्याः सर्विष्ठिमियक्कियां स्वारः कत्वः च्याः सर्वे. आर्थः ६ पदेन भृषितत्तुः संसारक्त्रोऽभवत् ॥ २ ॥ पूर्वं सर्ववादुः सम्मन्यदेशात्रस्य प्रायः मुक्के स्त्यम् ॥ स्वक्षिवस्यायांव्यमितियमे संस्यान्य स्वाः मुक्के स्त्यम् ॥ स्वक्षिवस्यायांव्यमितियमे संस्यान्य स्वाः मुक्के स्त्यम् ॥ 80

उक्तोपात्रिविशेषकारग्रामिदं विद्यां सुकार्यं तथा वैर्यं न्यायपदुत्वमित्यपि परे सत्यं वदत्येव हि ॥

वेर्यं न्यायपदुत्वमित्यपि परे सत्यं वदंत्येव हि ॥ किंत्वसन्मतमत्र केवलमिह स्वस्वामिसेवाफलं यस्पात्यन्तक्रपासित सैव नितरां भृपाधिरंजीविनी ॥ ४ ॥ कृतक्षवित्ती नुपर्मत्रिवर्यी यशस्विनी धर्मधुरंघरी च ।

हितैषिग्री स्तः सततं प्रनायाः ग्रुभाशिपा तौ चिरनीविनौ हि॥५॥

निवेदम वासचन्द्र प्रास्त्री.

